

BOOK 6

ADVANCED



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Lesson 1 - School field trip

A. Reading

School field trip

The fifth grade students from James Anderson Elementary School are going on a field trip. They are going to the Albany Movie Museum in downtown Chicago. The museum is located beside Lake Michigan. It has an exhibit on old movies.

The students are going to watch a silent black and white movie. It doesn't have sound. An organ player will play music to go along with the action in the movie. Their teacher, Mrs. Daniel, gave them a list of rules for the trip:

(1) turn off your cellphone; (2) don't chew gum; (3) stay with the group;	(4) no hats; (5) wear your name tag; (6) speak softly.
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Figura 21: Ônibus escolar



Fonte: Unsplash ¹

¹ Foto criada por Alessio Patron via Unsplash

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B. True or False

1. _____ Mrs. Daniel teaches fifth grade.
2. _____ The Albany Movie Museum is located in Chicago.
3. _____ The students are allowed to use their cellphones if they speak softly.
4. _____ Students need to wear a name tag on their hats.
5. _____ Students should stay with the group.

C. Yes or No – Share Your Opinion

1. _____ Men shouldn't wear hats inside a building.
2. _____ It's okay for women to wear hats inside a building.

EXERCISES

1. Translate the following sentences / expressions to English.

1. Os alunos da quinta série estão indo em uma viagem com a escola.

2. Eles vão para o Museu de Cinema de Albany no centro de Chicago. O museu é ao lado do Lago Michigan.

3. Os alunos vão assistir antigos filmes mudos em preto e branco.

4. Um organista vai tocar enquanto o filme é exibido.

5. A professora passou uma lista com as regras: celulares desligados, sem goma de mascar, fique com o grupo, sem chapéus, use seus crachás e converse baixo.

6. As crianças vão se divertir muito.

2. Answer the following according to your opinion:

1. Silent movies are the best movies because they are so focused on the action.

2. Kids would never have fun watching silent old movies.

3. Rules are meant to be broken.

ANSWER KEY!

1. Os alunos da quinta série estão indo em uma viagem com a escola.

The fifth grade students are going on a field trip.

2. Eles vão para o Museu de Cinema de Albany no centro de Chicago. O museu é ao lado do Lago Michigan.

They're going to the Albany Movie Museum in downtown Chicago. The museum is beside Lake Michigan.

3. Os alunos vão assistir antigos filmes mudos em preto e branco.

The students are going to watch an old silent black and white movie.

4. Um organista vai tocar enquanto o filme é exibido.

An organ player will play while the film is exhibited.

5. A professora passou uma lista com as regras: celulares desligados, sem goma de mascar, fique com o grupo, sem chapéus, use seus crachás e converse baixo.

The teacher handed out a list with the rules: phones off, no chewing gum, stay with the group, no hats, wear your name tags, and speak softly.

6. As crianças vão se divertir muito.

The kids are going to have a lot of fun.

Lesson 2 - Medical appointment

A. Reading

Medical appointment

It is Monday morning and Carlos is sick. He has a sore throat, a fever, and his body aches. He doesn't have health insurance, so he is calling the Maywood Health Clinic to make an appointment.

The receptionist at the clinic wants to know what time he can come in and if he has health insurance. She also wants to know if he has been to the clinic before. After Carlos answers all the questions, the receptionist makes an appointment for him at 10:30 a.m. today. By the end of their conversation, Carlos is nauseated. He wants to vomit, but he can't. Now, Carlos needs to get dressed and drive to the clinic. He is worried he might vomit while driving to the clinic. He doesn't want to vomit in his car. What can Carlos do? How can he solve this problem?

Figura 22: Homem olhando o termômetro



Fonte: Freepik²

² Foto criada por Freepik via br.freepik.com

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B. True or False

1. _____ Carlos has health insurance.
2. _____ Nauseated means a person feels like vomiting.
3. _____ Carlos calls the Maywood Clinic at 9:00 Monday morning.
4. _____ Medical receptionists ask questions when patients make appointments.
5. _____ Carlos is worried he might have a car accident.

C. Yes or No – Share Your Opinion

1. _____ I have health insurance.
2. _____ I seldom catch a cold.
3. _____ I t medicine when I feel
nauseated.
4. _____ My family doctor works in a
clinic.
5. _____ I take medicine everyday.

EXERCISES

1. Translate the following sentences / expressions to English:

1. Carlos está doente, ele está com a garganta inflamada, febre e dores no corpo.

2. Ele não tem plano de saúde. Ele está ligando para uma clínica de saúde.

3. A recepcionista pergunta que hora ele poderá estar lá para a consulta. Ela também pergunta se ele já esteve lá antes.

4. Depois que Carlos respondeu todas as pergunta, a recepcionista agendou sua consulta para as 10:30.

5. Depois da conversa Carlos está enjoado e quer vomitar, mas não pode.

6. Carlos vai dirigindo para sua consulta.

2. Answer the following according to your opinion:

1. It is essential to have health insurance.

2. Vomiting in the car is horrible.

3. Making medical appointments is too complicated.

ANSWER KEY!

1. Carlos está doente, ele está com a garganta inflamada, febre e dores no corpo.

Carlos is sick, he has a sore throat, a fever and his body aches.

2. Ele não tem plano de saúde. Ele está ligando para uma clínica de saúde.

He doesn't have health insurance. He's calling a health clinic.

3. A recepcionista pergunta que hora ele poderá estar lá para a consulta. Ela também pergunta se ele já esteve lá antes.

The receptionist asks what time he can be there for the appointment. She also asks him if he has been there before.

4. Depois que Carlos respondeu todas as pergunta, a recepcionista agendou sua consulta para as 10:30.

After Carlos answered all the questions, the receptionist scheduled his appointment for 10:30 A.M.

5. Depois da conversa Carlos está enjoado e quer vomitar, mas não pode.

After the conversation Carlos is nauseated and wants to vomit but he can't.

6. Carlos vai dirigindo para sua consulta.

Carlos is driving to his appointment.

Lesson 3 - Picture Dictionary

A. Reading

Picture Dictionary

Benito is an ESL student at Lakeshore Adult Education Center. He is in a beginning level class. Every morning, Benito's teacher reads a page of vocabulary words from the picture dictionary. After the teacher reads the words, the students look at the pictures and copy the words into their notebooks. When everyone is finished, they practice reading the words with a partner. Finally, the teacher selects a student to stand in front of the class and read the words aloud. Benito is nervous. He doesn't want the teacher to select him to read aloud in class. He is shy, and he doesn't speak English very well. What should Benito do if the teacher asks him to read in front of the class? What should he say?

Figura 23: Homem estudando



Fonte: Pexels³

³ Foto criada por Roxanne Minnish via Pexels

B. True or False

1. _____ Benito is an instructor at Lakeshore Adult Education Center.
2. _____ The picture dictionary has vocabulary words and pictures.
3. _____ The students play when the teacher reads the words.
4. _____ The students copy the words before they listen to the teacher read.
5. _____ Benito is nervous because the teacher might ask him to stand in front of the class and read the words aloud.

C. Yes or No – Share Your Opinion

1. _____ I like to read aloud in front of the class.
2. _____ I like to work with a partner.
3. _____ I speak English every day.
4. _____ Pictures help me learn English.

EXERCISES

1. Translate the following sentences / expressions to English:

1. Benito é um estudante de inglês como segunda língua no centro de educação adulta de Lakeshore.

2. Ele está em uma turma de nível iniciante. Toda manhã o professor lê o vocabulário do dicionário de fotos.

3. Os alunos olham as imagens e copiam em seus cadernos. Quando eles terminam eles praticam com um colega.

4. No final, o professor escolhe um aluno para ler as palavras em voz alta.

5. Benito não quer ser escolhido para ler o vocabulário.

6. Benito é muito tímido e não fala inglês muito bem.

2. Answer the following according to your opinion:

1. Learning English is very hard.

2. When you're shy, the best thing you can do is forcing yourself do things.

3. You are in an English class to learn not to show off your skills.

ANSWER KEY!

1. Benito é um estudante de inglês como segunda língua no centro de educação adulta de Lakeshore.
Benito is an ESL student at Lakeshore Adult Education Center.

2. Ele está em uma turma de nível iniciante. Toda manhã o professor lê o vocabulário do dicionário de fotos.
He is in a beginner level class. Every morning the teacher reads the vocabulary out of the picture dictionary.

3. Os alunos olham as imagens e copiam em seus cadernos. Quando eles terminam eles praticam com um colega.
The students look at the images and copy them in their notebooks. When they're done they practice with partners.

4. No final, o professor escolhe um aluno para ler as palavras em voz alta.
Finally, the teacher chooses a student to read the words aloud.

5. Benito não quer ser escolhido para ler o vocabulário.

Benito doesn't want to be chosen to read the vocabulary.

6. Benito é muito tímido e não fala inglês muito bem.

Benito is very shy and doesn't speak English very well.

Lesson 4 - Robot mothers

A. Reading

Robot mothers

Being a mother is difficult. Mothers take care of children and do housework every day, even on the weekends. Many mothers also work or attend school. When mothers are at school or work, they often leave their children with a babysitter. Unfortunately, babysitters are expensive and sometimes they aren't nice to the children. It would be nice if someday every family owned a robot to help take care of the children.

Then being a mother would be easier. Maybe the robot could help with the household chores like cooking, vacuuming, and washing clothes. Do you think this is possible? Will we have robots someday to help us with our household chores? Could a robot be a mother?

Figura 24: Menina e um robô



Fonte: Unsplash⁴

⁴ Foto criada por Andy Kelly via Unsplash

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B. True or False

1. _____ Mothers take care of children and do housework every day.
2. _____ Someday, robots might help mothers with household chores.
3. _____ A robot is a human being with feelings.
4. _____ The baby in the picture is crying because it is hungry.
5. _____ Babysitters take care of children when their parents are at work or school.

C. Yes or No – Share Your Opinion

1. _____ Can a robot be a good mother?
2. _____ Would you leave your children with a robot babysitter?

EXERCISES

1. Translate the following sentences / expressions to English:

1. Algumas mães tomam conta das crianças e fazem trabalho doméstico todo dia até nos fins de semana

2. Muitas mães trabalham ou estudam. Quando elas não estão em casa, essas mães deixam as crianças com babás.

3. Infelizmente, babás são caras e, algumas vezes, tratam as crianças mal.

4. Seria legal se algum dia toda família tivesse um robô que ajuda a tomar conta das crianças.

5. Talvez esse robô também pudesse ajudar em algumas atividades de casa como cozinhar, passar o aspirador a lavar roupas.

-
-
6. Os robôs podem ajudar em diversas coisas além de trabalho de casa.
-

2. Answer the following according to your opinion:

1. A robot babysitter is a great idea.

2. If robots could do basically anything, humans wouldn't do anything anymore.

3. Even though they would be programmed for taking care of children, a robot nanny would still be dangerous for them.

ANSWER KEY!

1. Algumas mães tomam conta das crianças e fazem trabalho doméstico todo dia até nos fins de semana.

Some mothers take care of children and do housework every day even on the weekends.

2. Muitas mães trabalham ou estudam. Quando elas não estão em casa, essas mães deixam as crianças com babás.

Many mothers work or study. When they're not home, those mothers leave their children with babysitters.

3. Infelizmente, babás são caras e, algumas vezes, tratam as crianças mal.

Unfortunately, babysitters are expensive and, sometimes, mistreat the kids.

4. Seria legal se algum dia toda família tivesse um robô que ajuda a tomar conta das crianças.

It would be cool if someday every family owned a robot to help take care of the children.

5. Talvez esse robô também pudesse ajudar em algumas atividades de casa como cozinhar, passar o aspirador a lavar roupas.

Maybe the robot could help with the household chores like cooking, vacuuming, and washing clothes.

6. Os robôs podem ajudar em diversas coisas além de trabalho de casa.

The robots can help in several things besides housework.

Lesson 5 - Rollover accident

A. Reading

Rollover accident

Oh, no! Bob was driving on the 55 Freeway in Costa Mesa when his car rolled over. He was driving too fast around a curve in the freeway, and his car went off the road and rolled over. Luckily, no one was hurt.

Bob is okay, but he is upset. The roof of his car is dented and the left door is broken. He has car insurance, but his insurance rate will go up because this accident will be on his record. Bob called the police on his cell phone, and they are on the way. He also called his insurance and his wife. His wife wants him to go to the hospital for a medical examination. Bob thinks he's okay, and he doesn't want to go to the hospital. He wants to go home. Should Bob go to the hospital for a medical examination? What should he do next?

Figura 25: Carro capotado



Fonte: Unsplash⁵

⁵ Photo criada por Kiwihug via Unsplash

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Extra vocabulary:

inside-out

upside-down

B. True or False

1. _____ Bob's car rolled over when he was driving too fast around a curve.
2. _____ Bob called the police, his car insurance company, and his wife.
3. _____ The 55 Freeway is in Costa Mesa.
4. _____ The roof of Bob's car is dented and the right door is broken.
5. _____ Bob doesn't want to go home because his wife is angry.

C. Yes or No – Share Your Opinion

1. _____ I like to drive fast.
2. _____ I am afraid to drive on the freeway.
3. _____ I never get tickets.
4. _____ I don't have a driver's license.

EXERCISES

1. Translate the following sentences / expressions to English:

1. Bob estava dirigindo na rodovia 55 em Costa Mesa quando seu carro capotou.

2. Ele estava indo muito rápido na curva, quando seu carro saiu da estrada.

3. O teto do carro está amassado e a porta esquerda está quebrada.

4. Ele tem seguro, que vai ficar mais caro depois do acidente.

5. Bob ligou para a polícia e eles estão a caminho, ele também ligou para a companhia de seguro e para sua esposa.

6. Sua esposa quer que ele vá ao hospital fazer um exame médico, mas ele não quer ir.

2. Answer the following according to your opinion:

1. You shouldn't leave the garage unless you have car insurance.

2. Car accidents are extremely scary.

3. You should get medically checked every time you're involved in an accident.

ANSWER KEY!

1. Bob estava dirigindo na rodovia 55 em Costa Mesa quando seu carro capotou.

Bob was driving on the 55 Freeway in Costa Mesa when his car rolled over.

2. Ele estava indo muito rápido na curva quando seu carro saiu da estrada.

He was going too fast around a curve when his car went off the road.

3. O teto do carro está amassado e a porta esquerda está quebrada.

The roof of the car is dented and the left door is broken.

4. Ele tem seguro, que vai ficar mais caro depois do acidente.

He has an insurance, which will be more expensive after the accident.

5. Bob ligou para a polícia e eles estão a caminho, ele também ligou para a companhia de seguro e para sua esposa.

Bob called the police and they are on the way, he also called his insurance company and his wife.

6. Sua esposa quer que ele vá ao hospital fazer um exame médico, mas ele não quer ir.

His wife wants him to go to the hospital for a medical examination, but he doesn't want to go.

